

# PRESS RELEASE September 1, 2022

# Rising electric vehicle penetration to drive significant investment in battery cell manufacturing: ICRA

- EV battery demand in India (in relation to domestic sales) is expected to touch ~15 GWh by 2025 and ~60 GWh by 2030
- Investments in cell manufacturing are estimated to exceed ~Rs. 70,000 crore by 2030

The battery manufacturing segment remains a critical cog in the overall EV ecosystem development and is garnering a lot of attention. Spurred by Government support in the form of subsidies, enhanced awareness and increasing product launches, the electric vehicle (EV) segment saw a significant upturn in prospects in FY2022. EV penetration across automotive segments is expected to grow exponentially over the next decade; with battery remaining the most critical and costly component of an EV. In addition to the robust demand from EV vehicle, the annual battery demand for stationary applications (grid storage, telecom towers etc.) is also likely to grow at a rapid pace and be substantial. Given the incremental demand from various applications and future growth prospects (post 2030), ICRA estimates investments in cell manufacturing to exceed USD 9 billion.

Achieving economies of scale in battery manufacturing will remain critical in lowering the cost of an EV and helping achieve pricing parity. Additionally, given that the charging infrastructure penetration will only improve gradually, improvements in energy efficiency remain imperative. Locating cell manufacturers close to the original equipment manufacturers (OEM) would allow for the creation of a research and innovation ecosystem, which would aid the development of batteries with improved energy efficiency and which are better suited to Indian climatic conditions.

Commenting on the same, Mr. Shamsher Dewan, Senior Vice President & Group Head - Corporate Ratings, ICRA, said: "In EVs, advance chemistry batteries remain the most critical and the costliest component, accounting for almost 35-40% of the vehicle price. At present, battery cells are not manufactured in India, and thus most OEMs rely on imports, and manufacturing operations in India are limited to the assembly of battery packs. However, to achieve mass scale penetration of EVs and a competitive cost structure, India will need to create its own eco-system of developing battery cells locally. Multiple challenges exist on the road to establishment of a cell manufacturing ecosystem, primary ones being technology complexity, high capital intensity and raw material availability. The ability of battery manufacturers to enter into agreements/alliances with players across the value chain to mitigate these risks, coupled with the creation of a robust framework for recycling would remain key."

Given the need to invest in cell manufacturing units to keep pace with the expected surge in battery demand for both EV and stationary applications, numerous entities have already committed significant investments in this segment. The Government of India (GoI) recently signed agreements with three companies for incentives under its Production-Linked Incentive (PLI) Scheme for Advanced Chemistry Cell (ACC) Battery Storage. The policy emphasises on enhancing domestic value addition and is expected to support capability development in this sunrise

Lithium-ion batteries have emerged as the battery of choice for EVs, given their high energy efficiency, decent thermal stability and low self-discharge. While Lithium Nickel Manganese Oxide (NMC) is the most prevalent cathode chemistry currently, Lithium Iron Phosphate (LFP) chemistry is expected to gain increased acceptance going forward, given its higher thermal stability and lower production cost. Multiple other chemistries also continue to be under development, even as commercial viability for such chemistries may take time.



## Click the links below to access our previous press releases on the sector:

Battery-swapping is an attractive alternate solution for EV charging, especially for commercial applications

High capital intensity and low utilisation to result in relatively long payback period of about 4 years for public EV charging stations

## For further information, please contact:

#### **Media Contacts:**

Naznin Prodhani

Head Media & Communications ICRA Ltd

Tel: + (91 124) 4545300,

Dir - 4545860

Email:

naznin.prodhani@icraindia.com

#### Shreya Bothra

Manager - Media & Communications

ICRA Ltd

Mob: +91- 9810934940

Email:

shreya.bothra@icraindia.com

#### Saheb Singh Chadda

Deputy Manager - Media & Communications

ICRA Ltd

Mob: +91- 9833669052

Email:

saheb.chadda@icraindia.com

# **Shivendra Singh**

Deputy Manager - Media &

Communications

ICRA Ltd

Tel: +91- 9892875193

Email:

shivendra.singh@icraindia.com

## © Copyright, 2022 ICRA Limited. All Rights Reserved.

All information contained herein has been obtained by ICRA from sources believed by it to be accurate and reliable. Although reasonable care has been taken to ensure that the information herein is true, such information is provided 'as is' without any warranty of any kind, and ICRA in particular, makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy, timeliness or completeness of any such information. Also, ICRA or any of its group companies, while publishing or otherwise disseminating other reports may have presented data, analyses and/or opinions that may be inconsistent with the data, analyses and/or opinions presented in this publication. All information contained herein must be construed solely as statements of opinion, and ICRA shall not be liable for any losses incurred by users from any use of this publication or its contents.

#### Disclaimer:

This Press Release is being transmitted to you for the sole purpose of dissemination through your newspaper/magazine/agency. The Press Release may be used by you in full or in part without changing the meaning or context thereof, but with due credit to ICRA Limited. However, ICRA Limited alone has the sole right of distribution of its Press Releases for consideration or otherwise through any media including, but not limited to, websites and portals.

#### **About ICRA Limited:**

ICRA Limited was set up in 1991 by leading financial/investment institutions, commercial banks and financial services companies as an independent and professional investment Information and Credit Rating Agency. Today, ICRA and its subsidiaries together form the ICRA Group of Companies (Group ICRA). ICRA is a Public Limited Company, with its shares listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange and the National Stock Exchange. The international Credit Rating Agency Moody's Investors Service is ICRA's largest shareholder.

Click on the icon to visit our social media profiles.







